

骨の重力応答とその制御

東京医科歯科大学
難治疾患研究所
分子薬理学

Unloading Causes Rapid Bone Loss



Bed-Ridden Patients

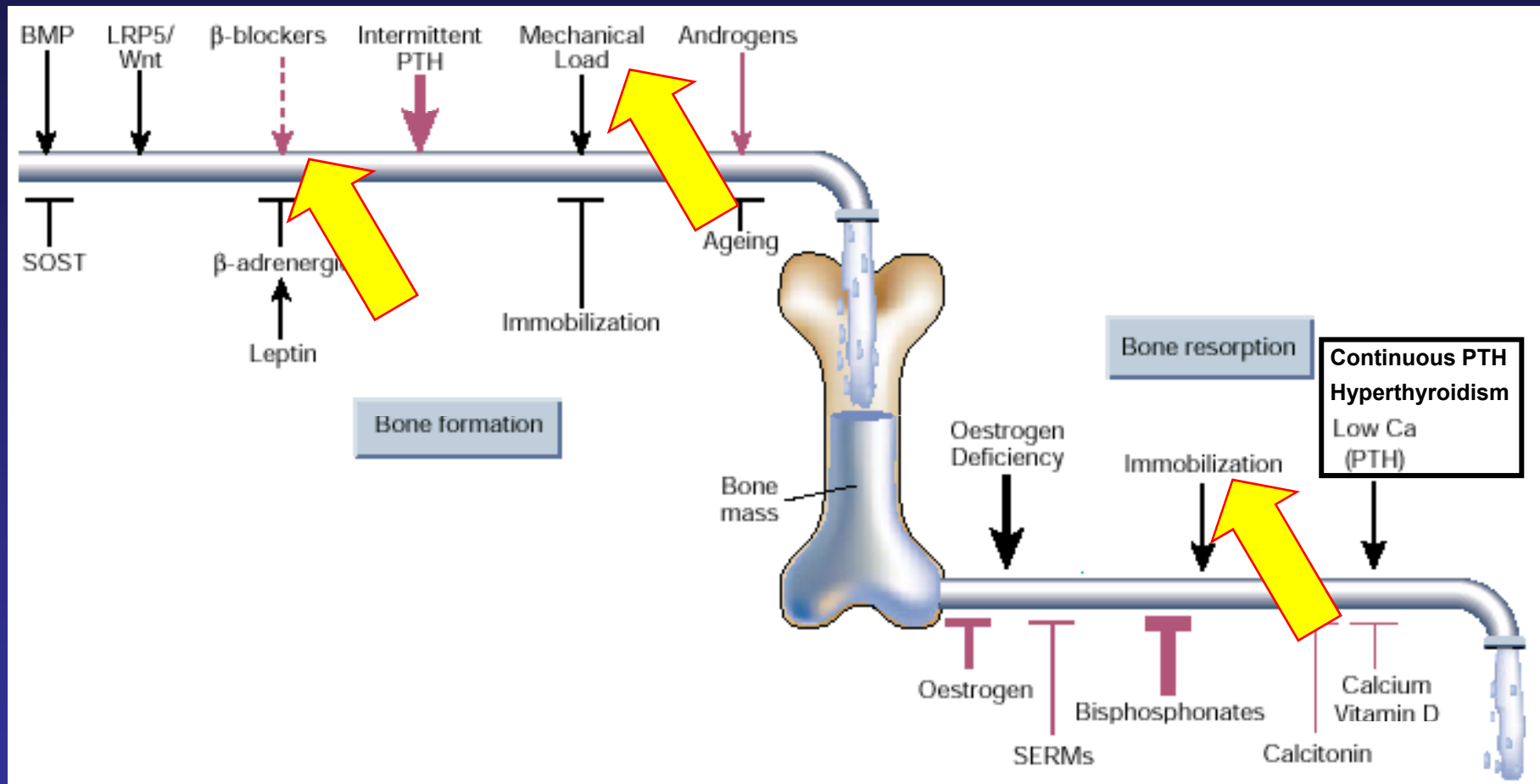
Astronauts



Mechanism?

Osteoporosis

骨形成と骨吸収



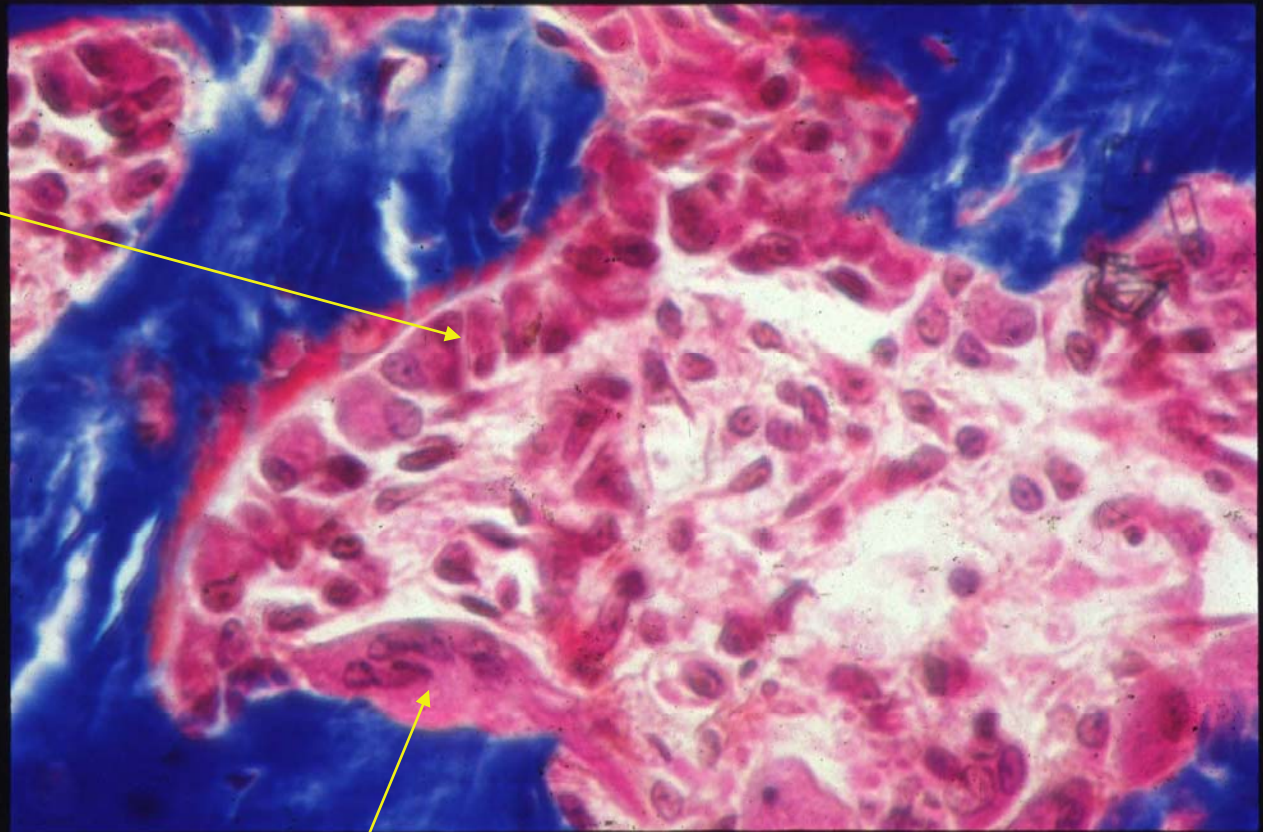
Physiological (black) and pharmacological (pink) stimulators and inhibitors of bone formation and resorption

Determinants of skeletal homeostasis and bone mass

(Harada & Rodan, Nature 2003)

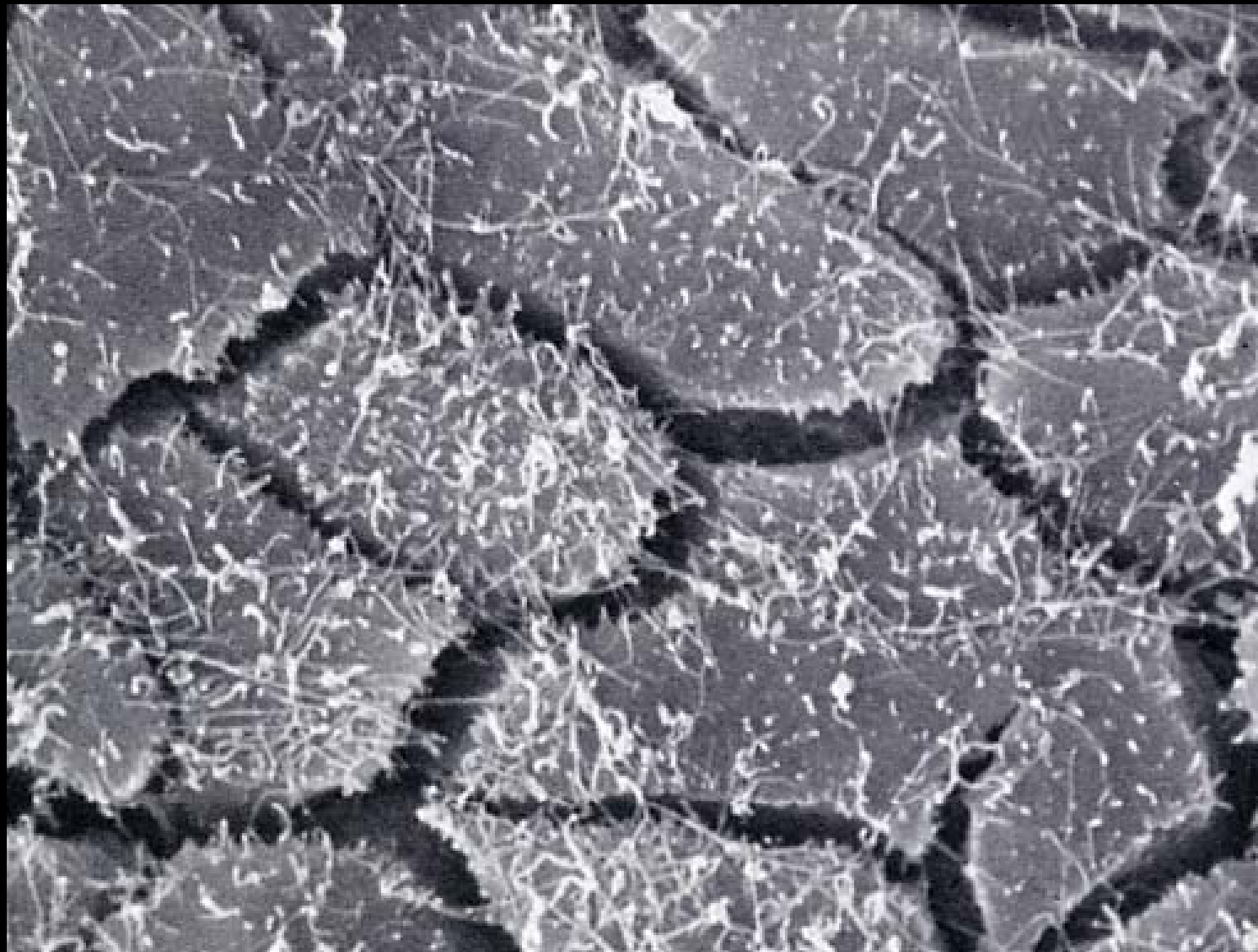
骨芽細胞と破骨細胞の 共同作業の場

骨芽細胞

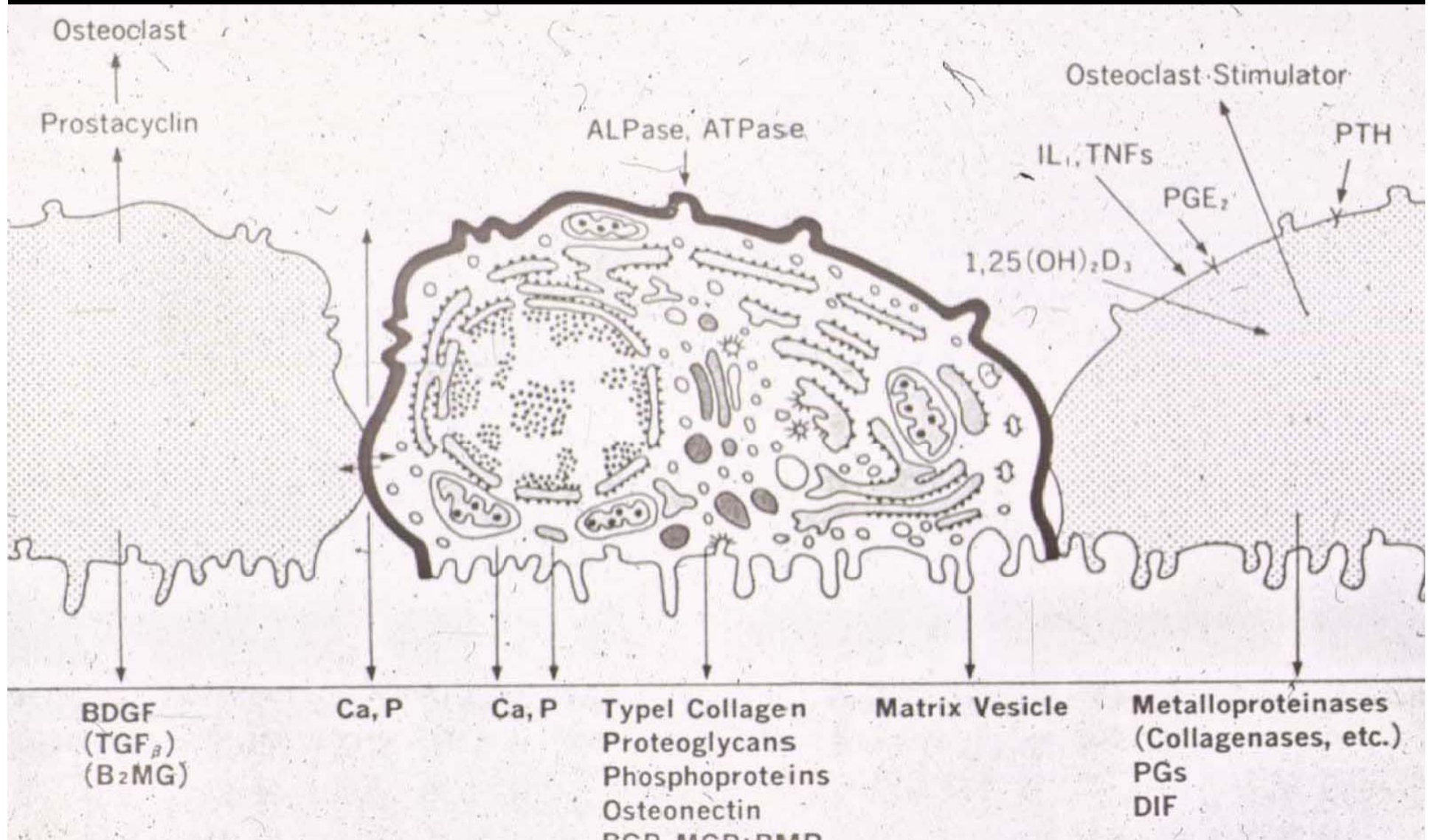


破骨細胞

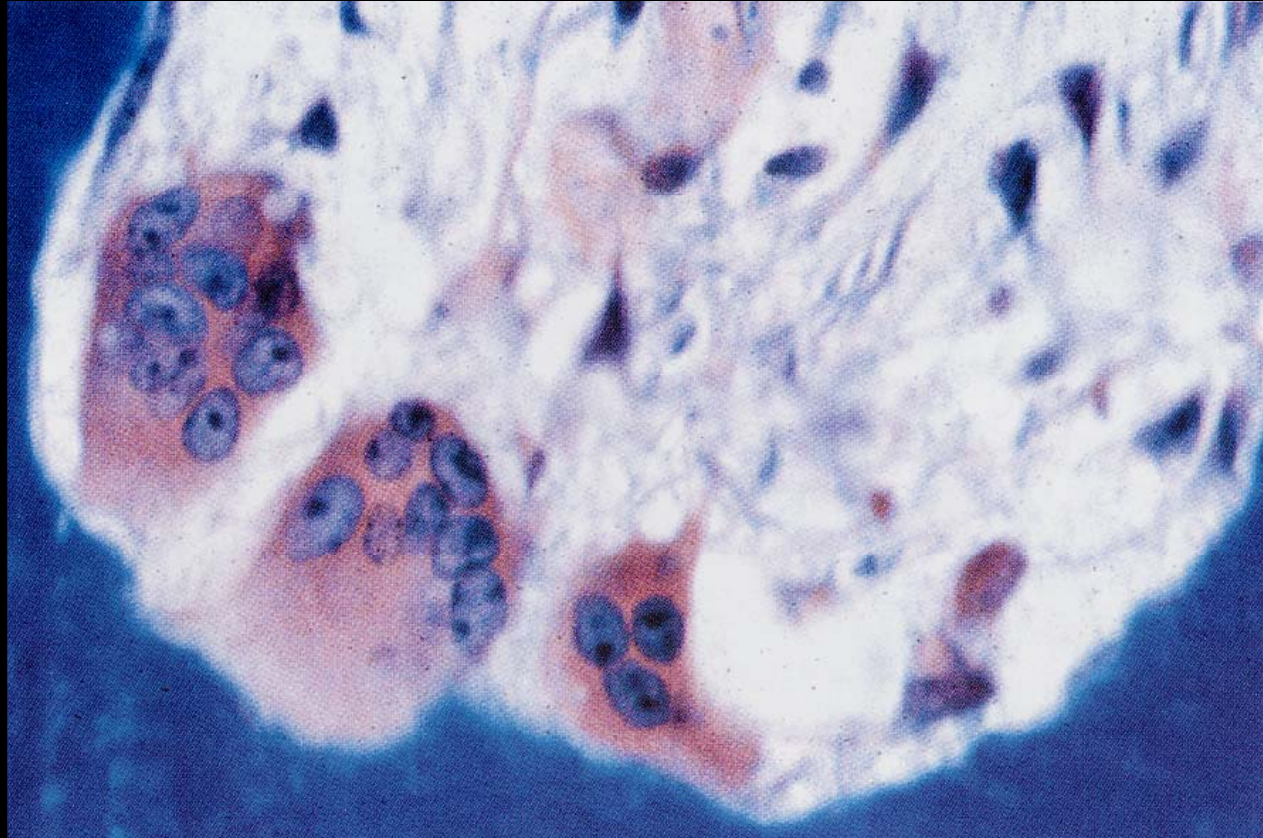
骨芽細胞



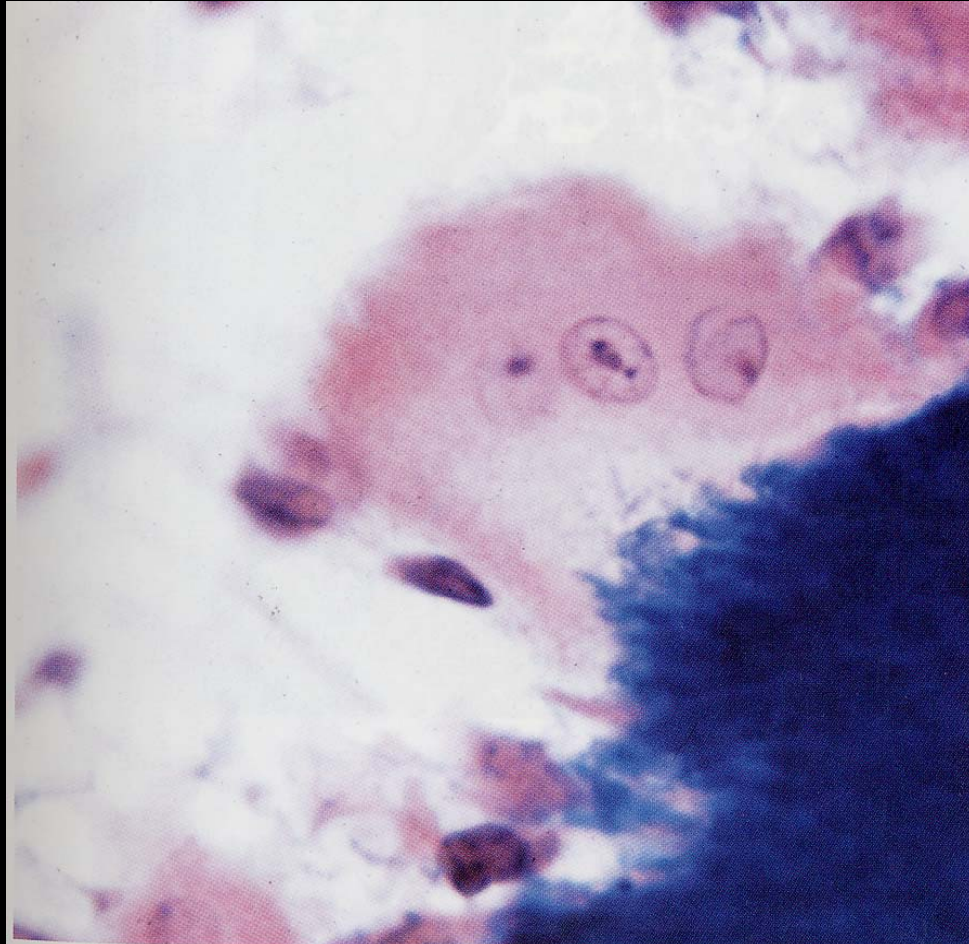
骨芽細胞



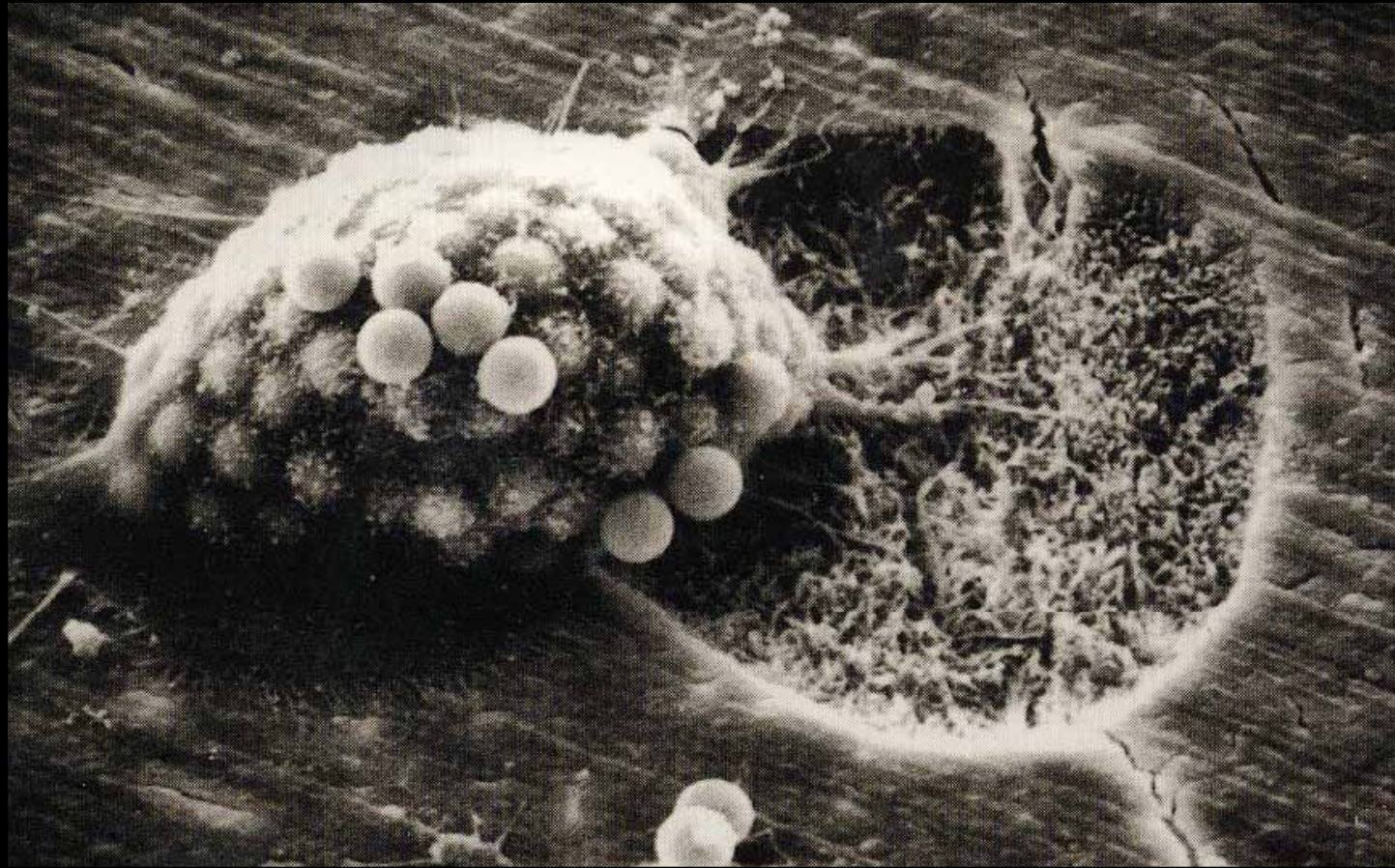
破骨細胞



破骨細胞



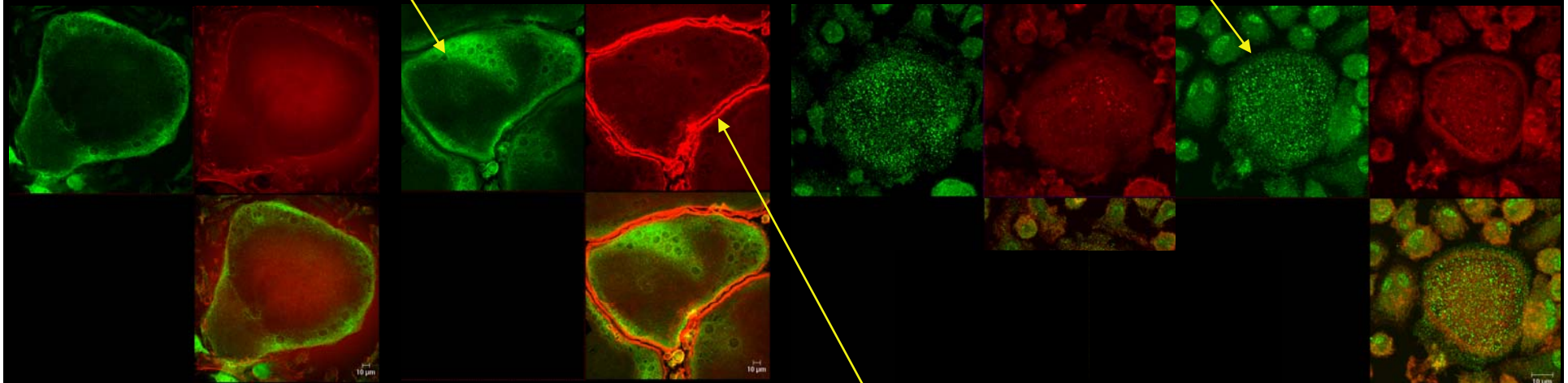
破骨細胞の骨吸収



破骨細胞は細胞骨格により閉鎖腔を構成する

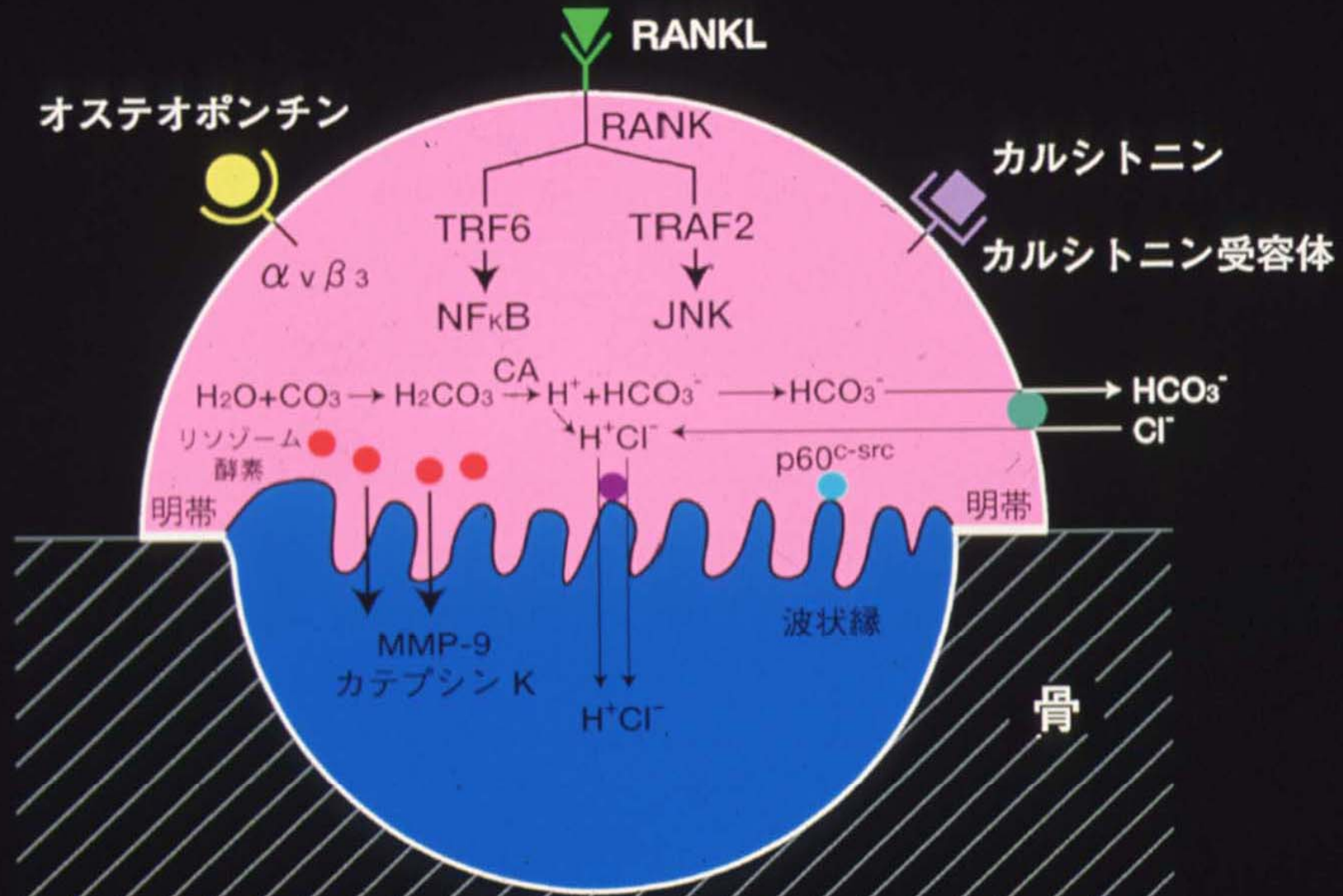
Src (green)

Cas (green)

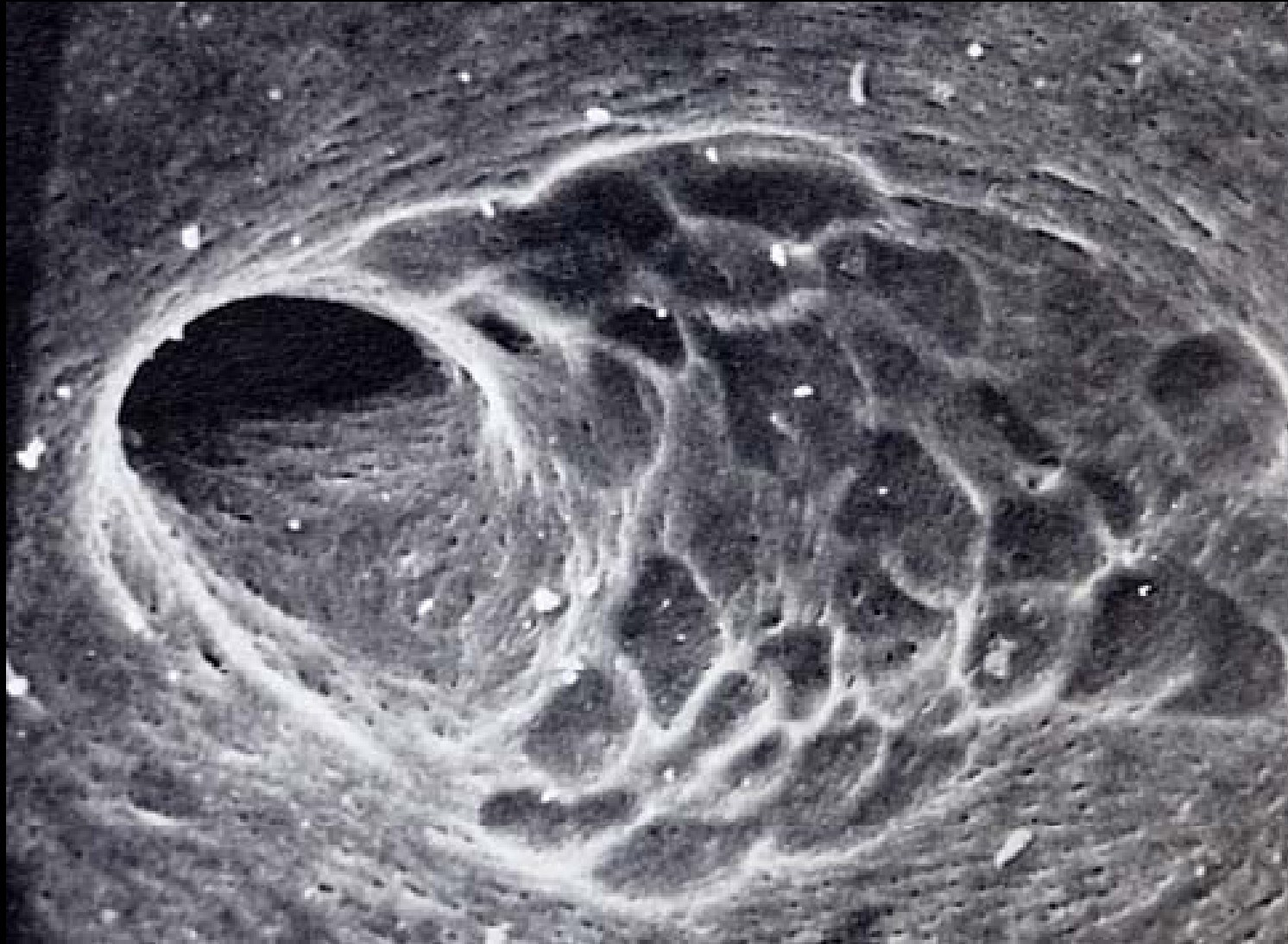


Actin (red)

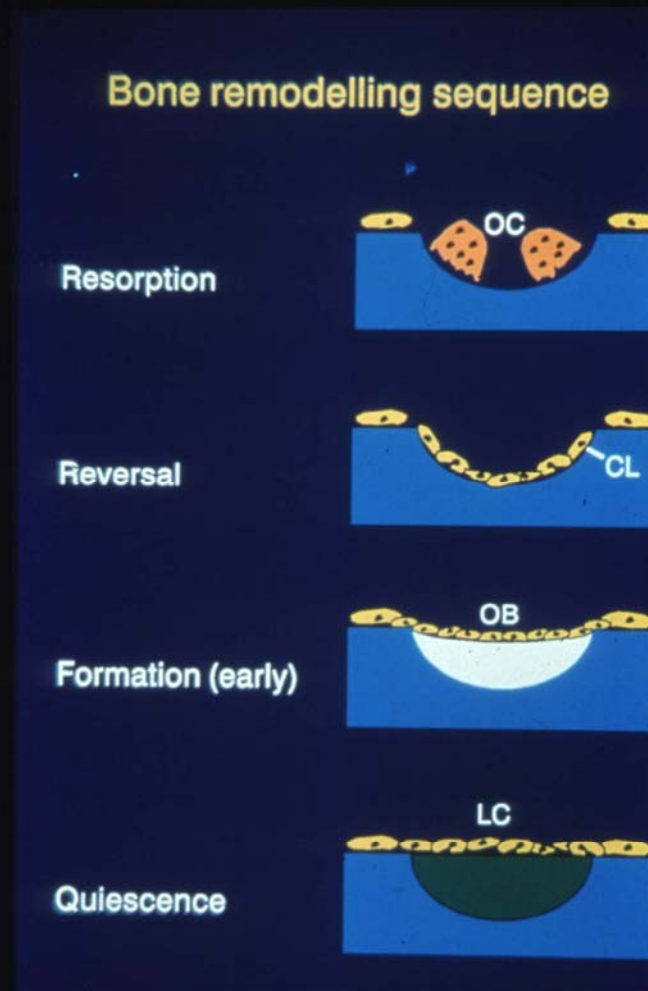
破骨細胞

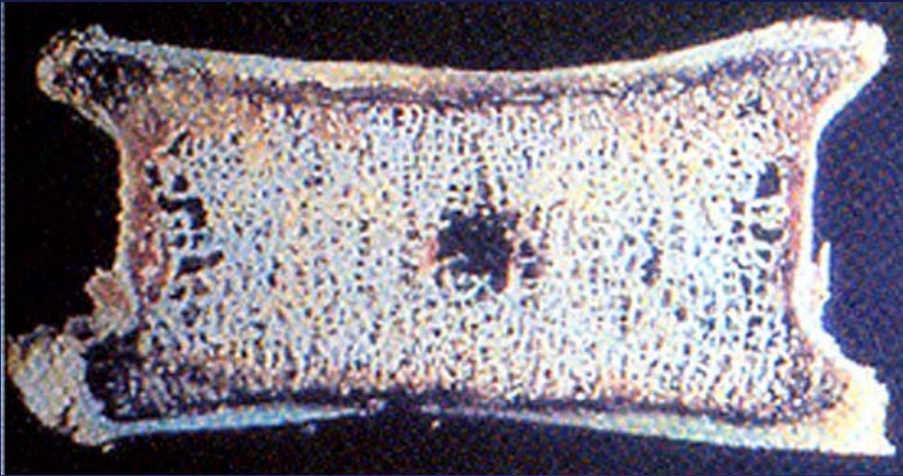


破骨細胞により形成された 骨吸収窩

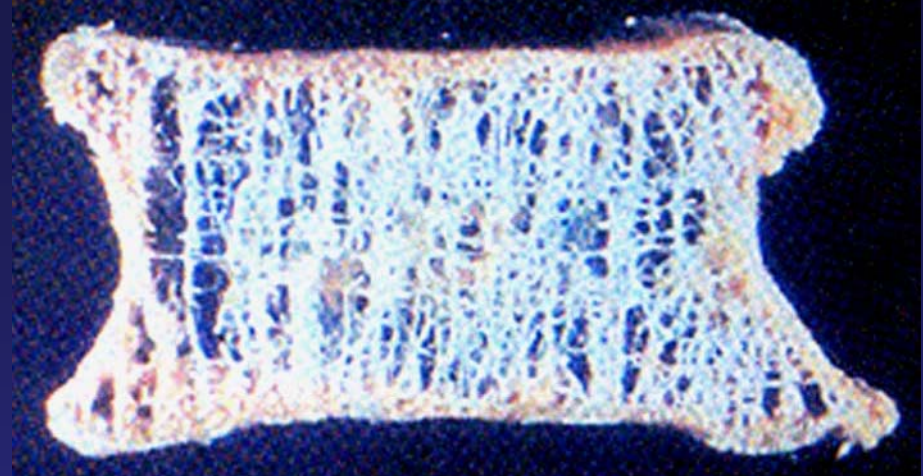


骨芽細胞・破骨細胞による骨のリモデリングの進行





Normal



Osteoporosis

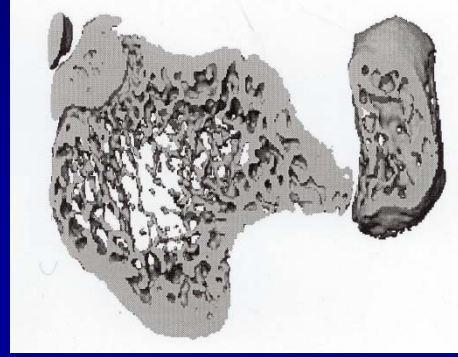
Remodeling

/

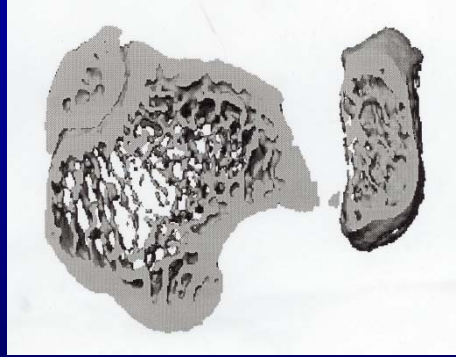
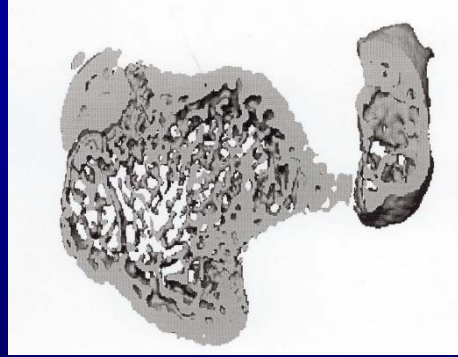
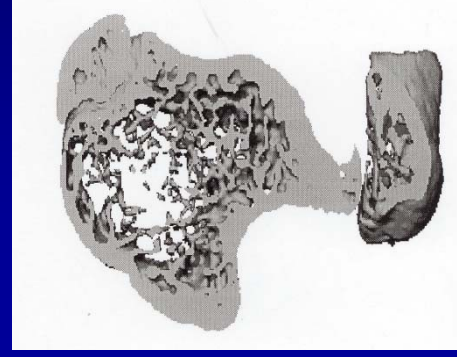
Mechanical Stress

Propranolol **Vehicle**

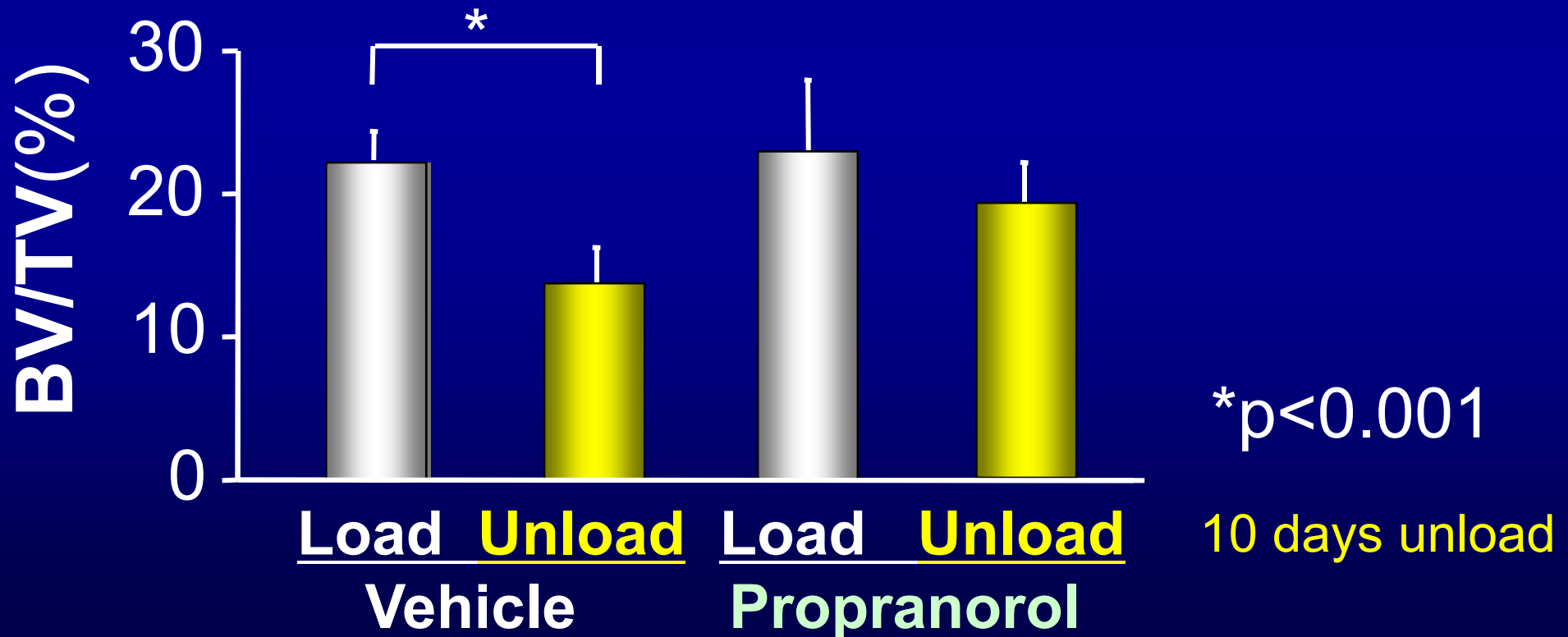
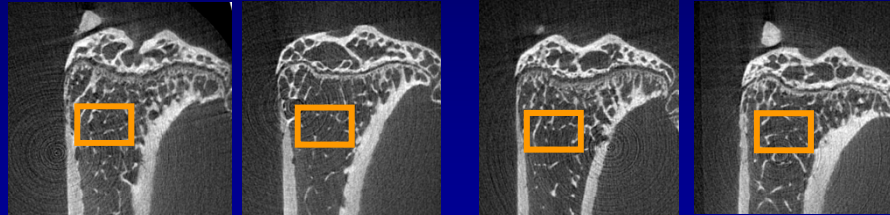
Load



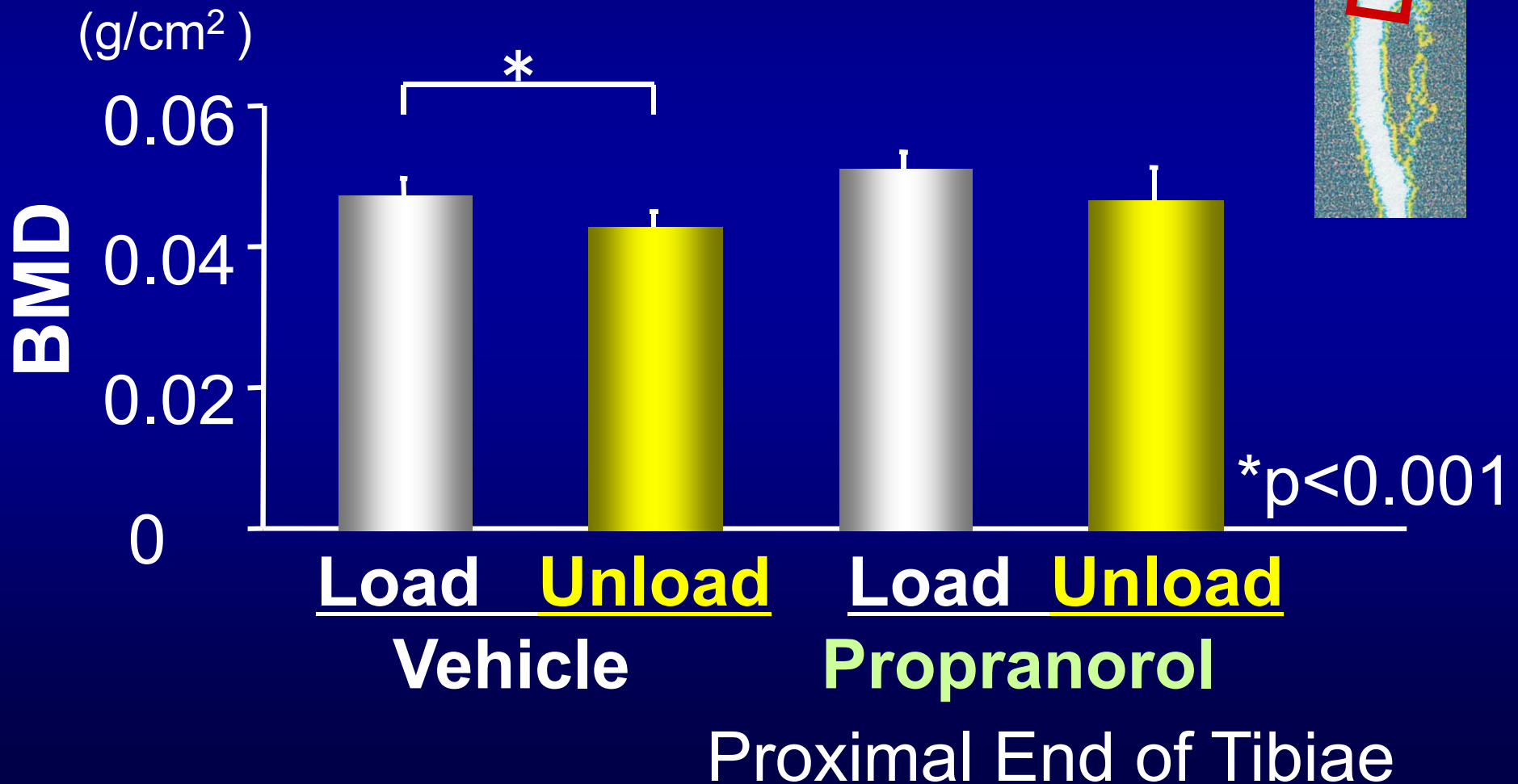
Unload



Propranolol Suppressed Unloading-Induced Bone Loss



Propranolol Suppressed Unloading-Induced Bone Loss



**Sympathetic
Nerve**



**β -Adrenergic
Receptors**



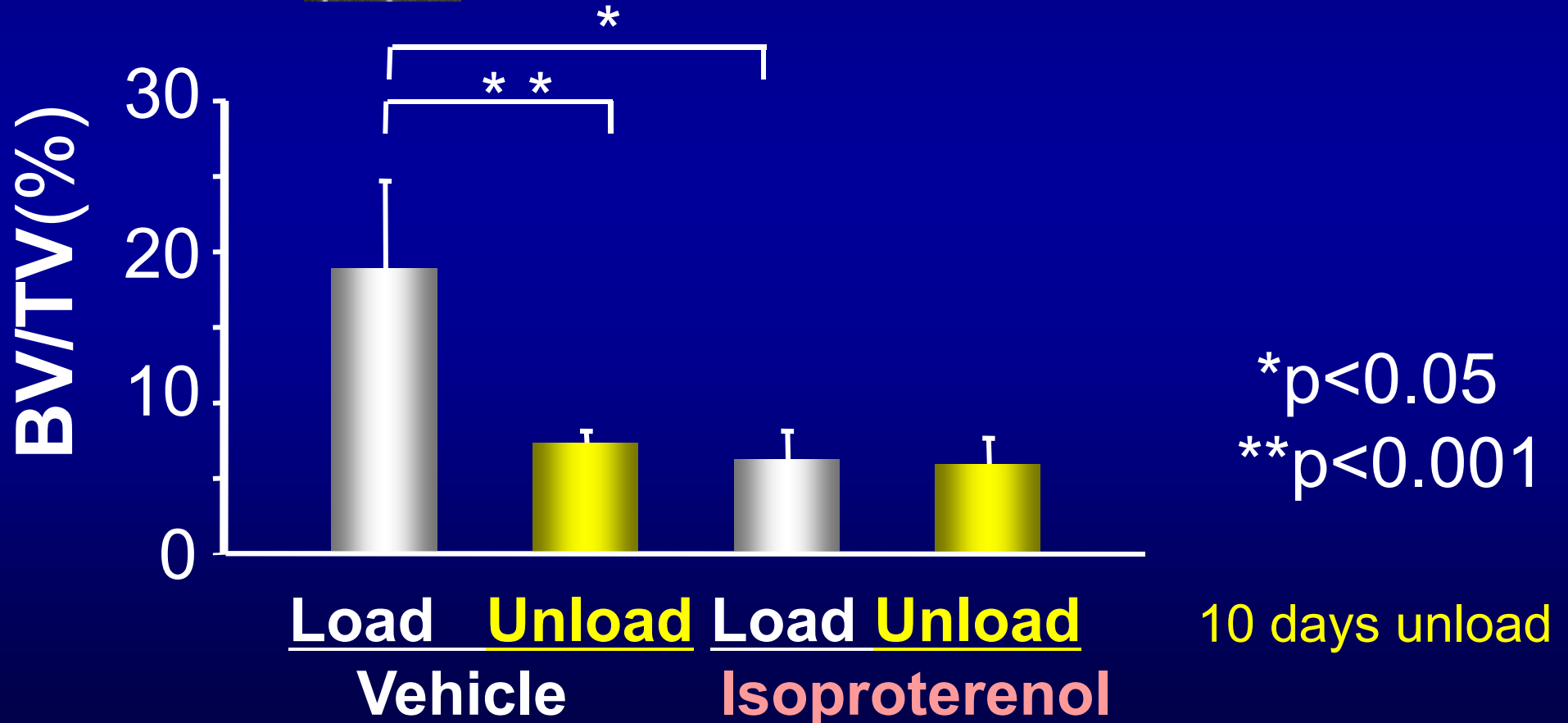
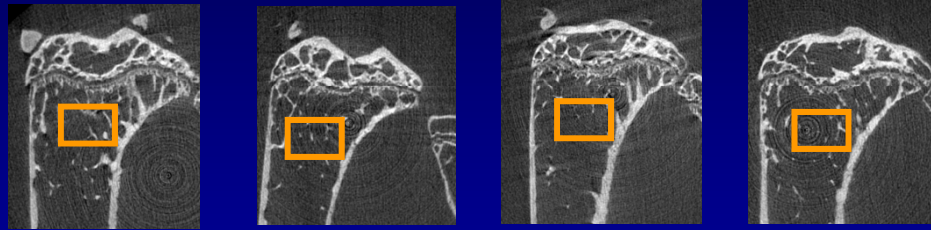
Isoprotelenol



Bone Mass



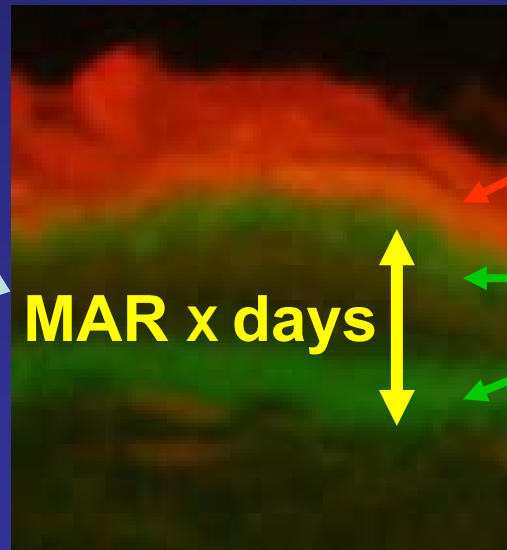
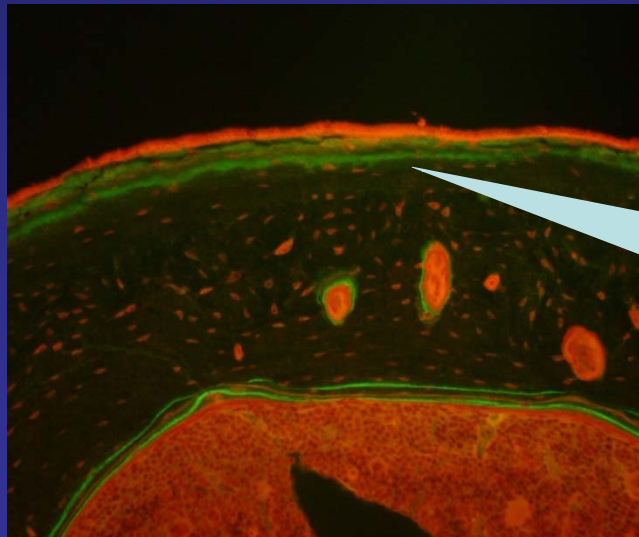
Isoproterenol Decreased Basal Level of Bone Mass



Osteoblast parameter

Parameter; Bone Formation Rate (BFR); 骨形成速度
Mineral Apposition Rate (MAR); 骨石灰化速度

MAR ($\mu\text{m}/\text{day}$)



Bone surface

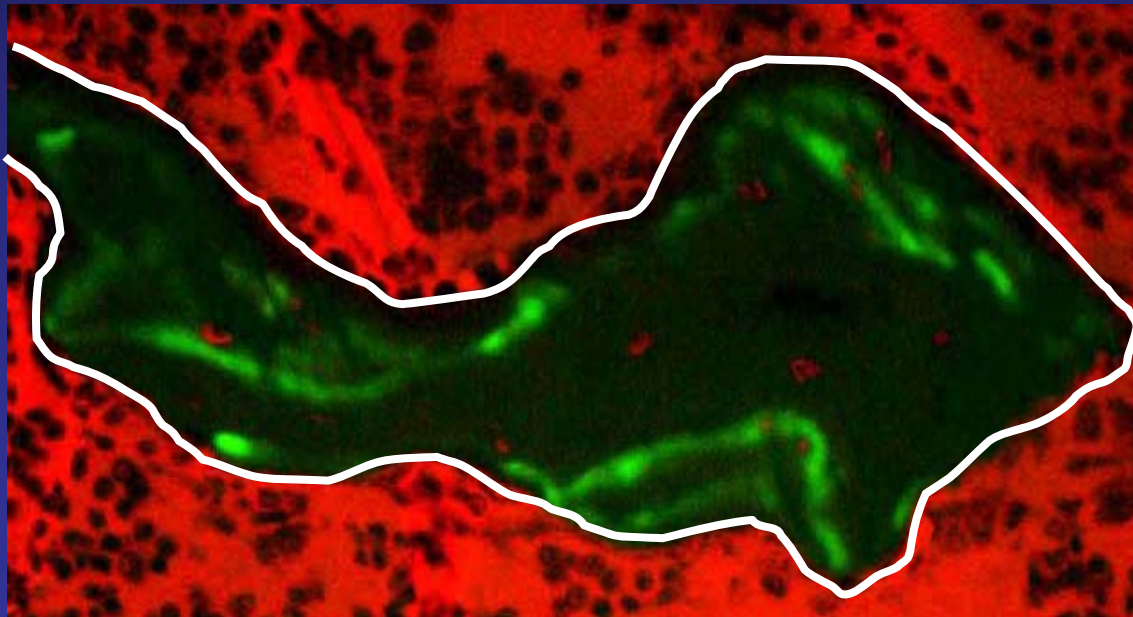
Calcein
labeling

MAR x days

(Parfitt *et al.*, J. Bone Miner. Res. 1987)

Osteoblast parameter

$$\text{BFR} = \text{MAR} \times (\text{sLS}/2 + \text{dLS}) / \text{BS} \quad (\text{mm}^3/\text{mm}^2/\text{day})$$



BS; Bone surface

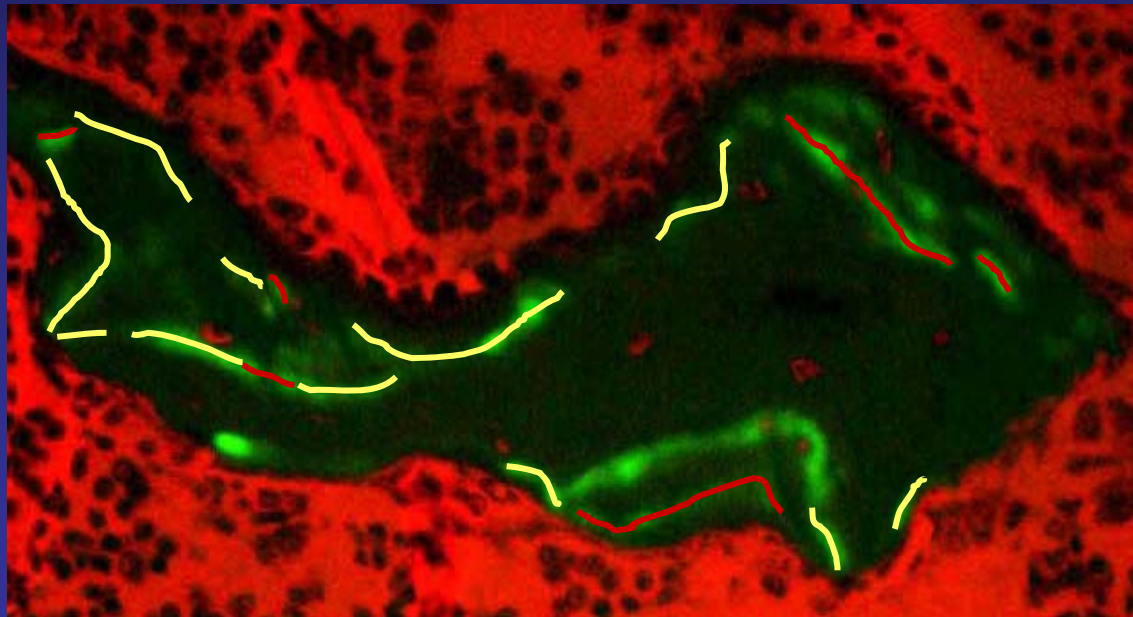
**sLS; Single
labeled surface**

**dLS; Double
labeled surface**

(Parfitt *et al.*, J. Bone Miner. Res. 1987)

Osteoblast parameter

$$\text{BFR} = \text{MAR} \times (\text{sLS}/2 + \text{dLS}) / \text{BS} \quad (\text{mm}^3/\text{mm}^2/\text{day})$$

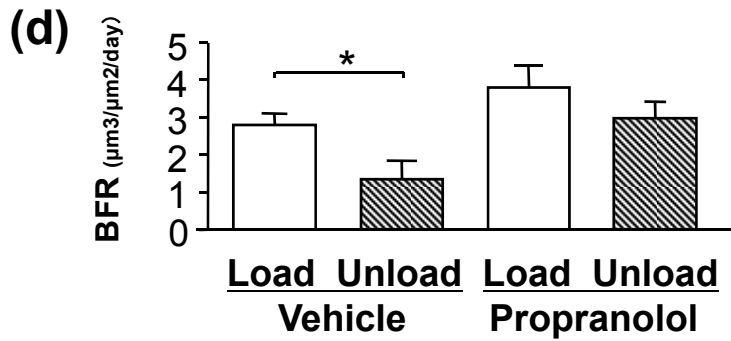
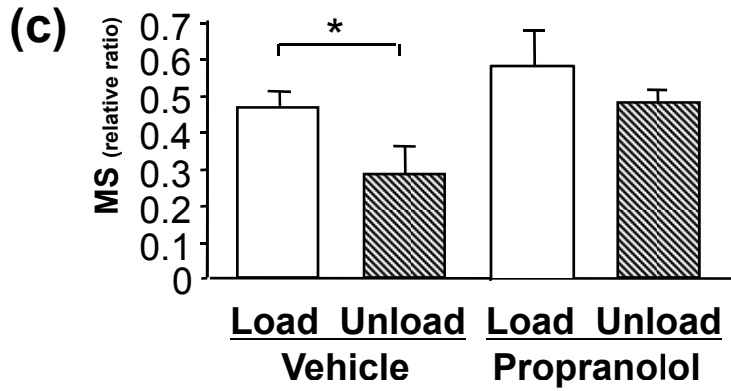
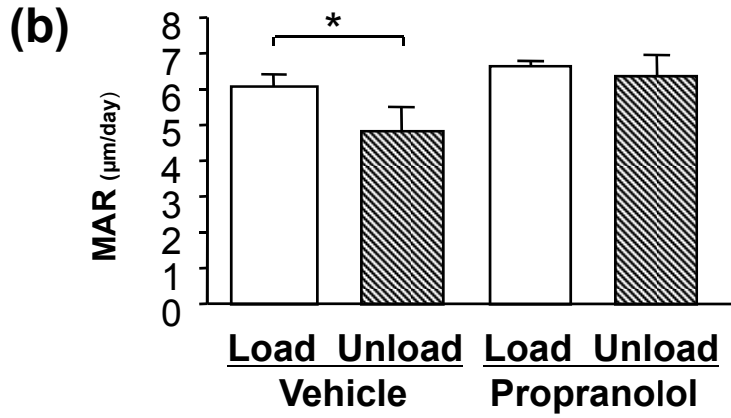
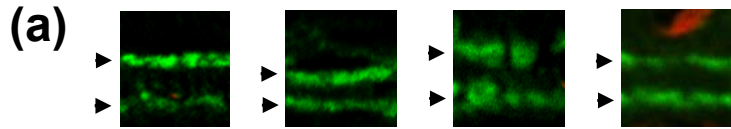


BS; Bone surface

**sLS; Single
labeled surface**

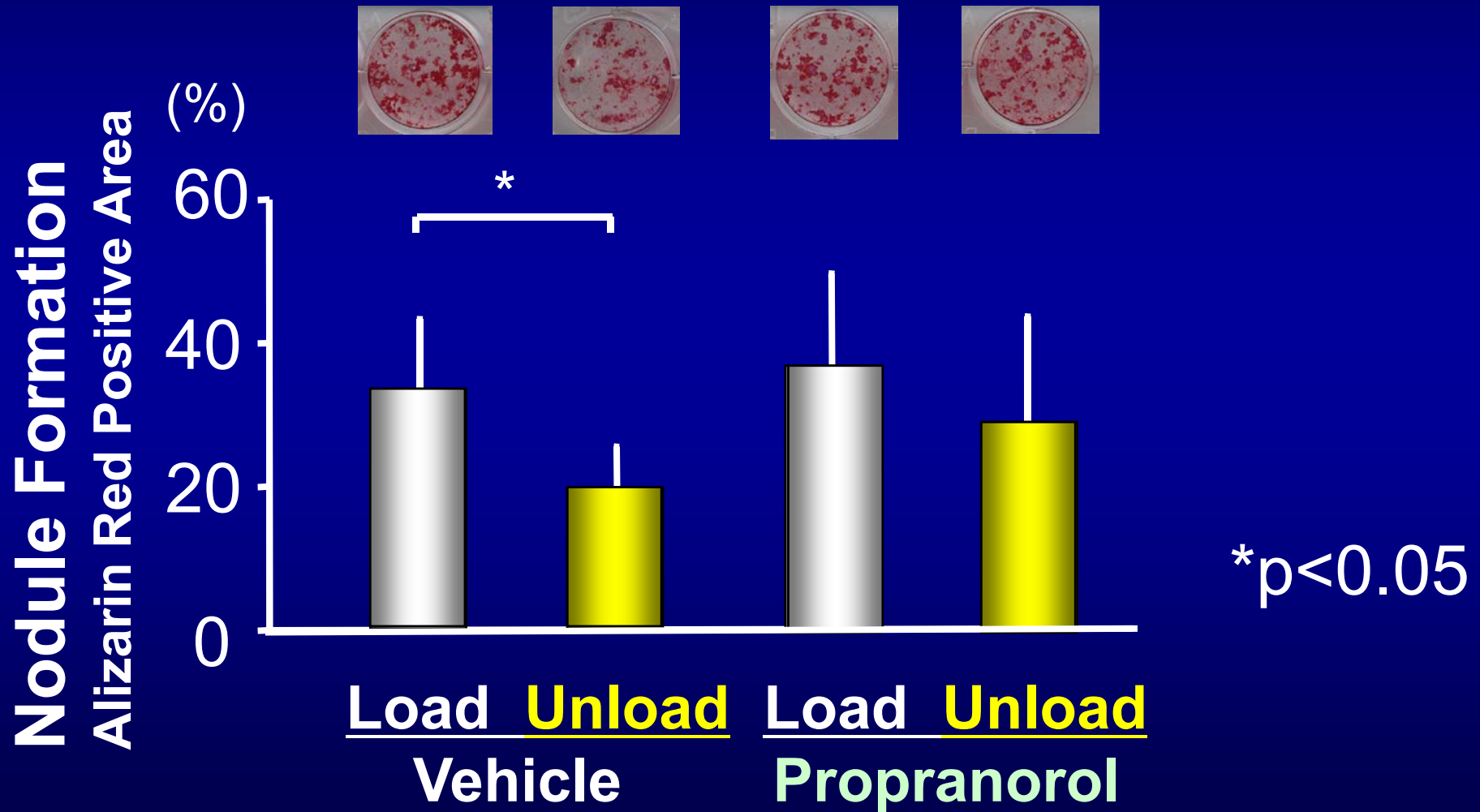
**dLS; Double
labeled surface**

(Parfitt *et al.*, J. Bone Miner. Res. 1987)

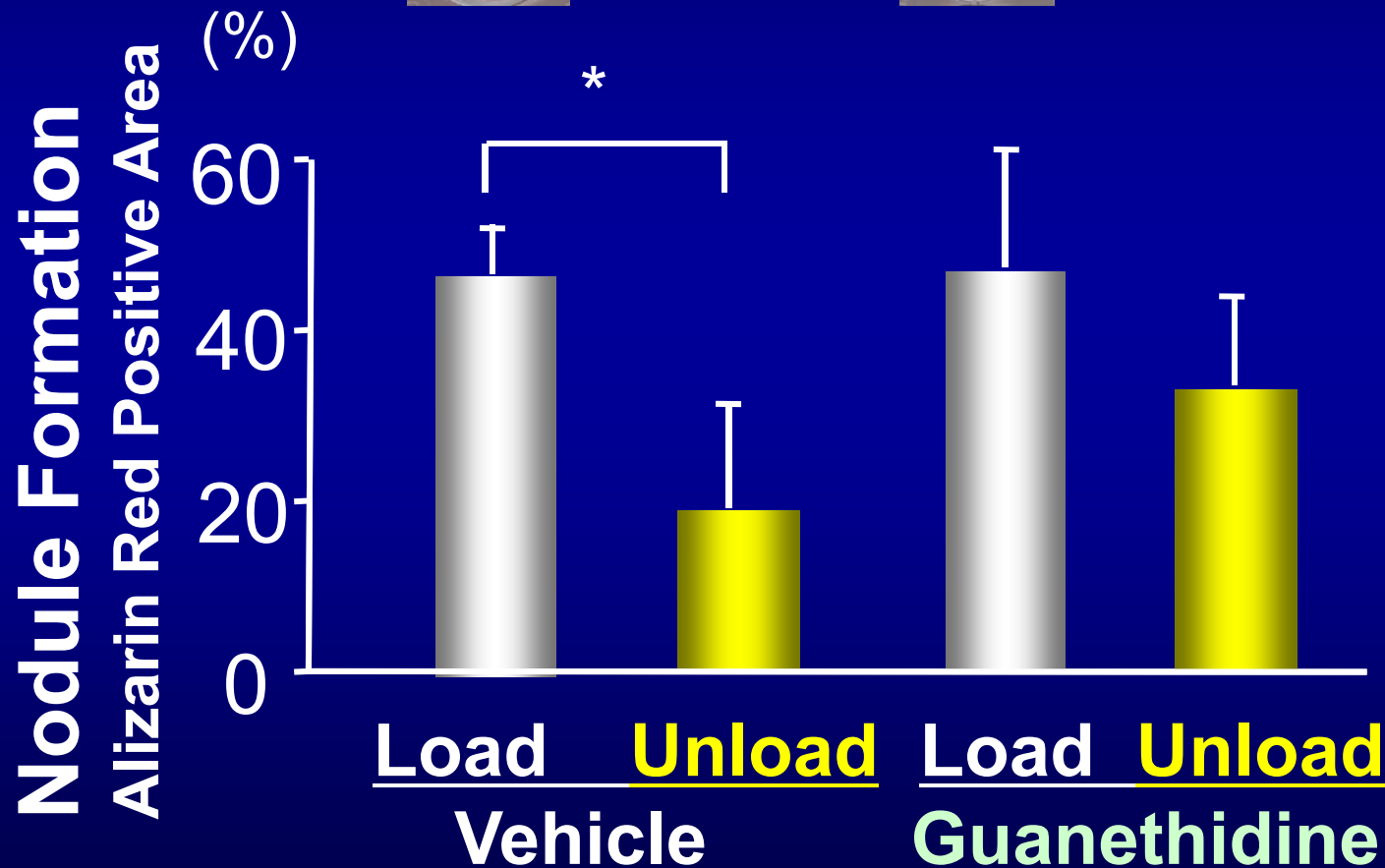
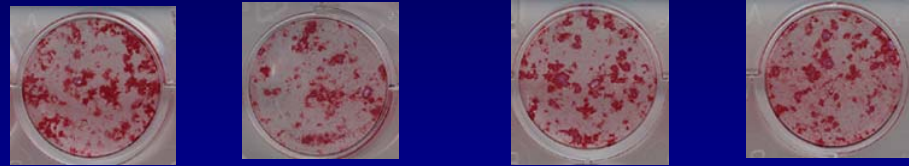


Propranolol

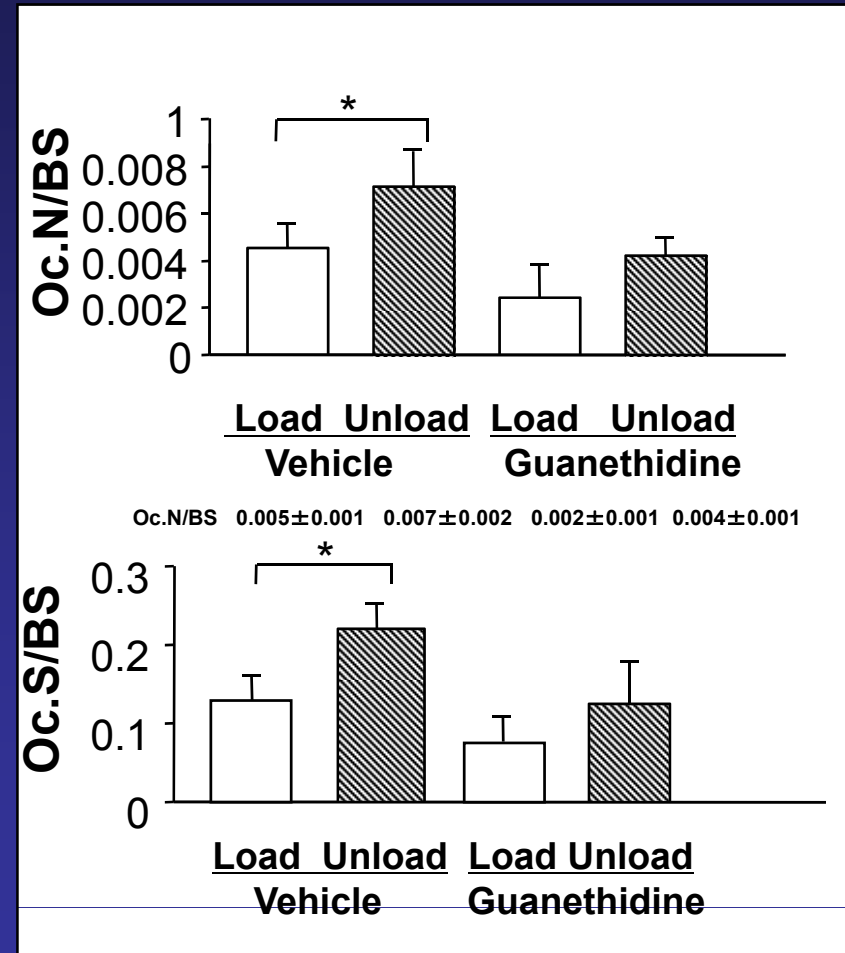
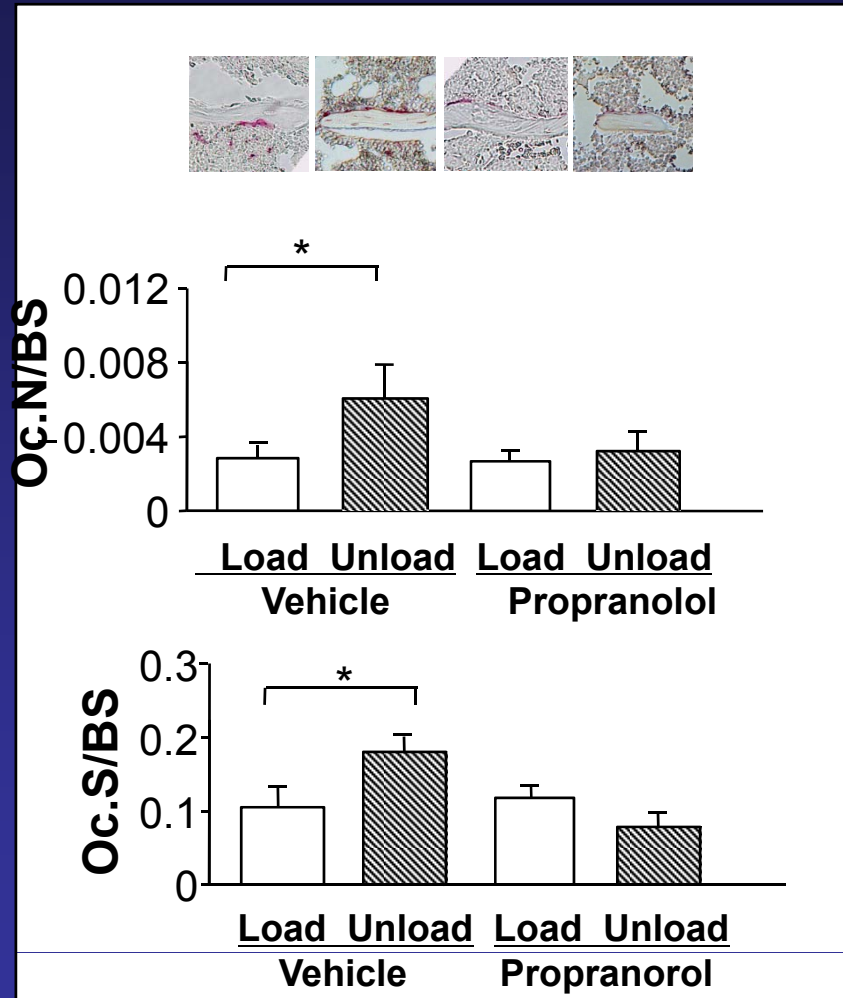
Propranolol Prevented Unloading-Induced Repression of Bone Formation



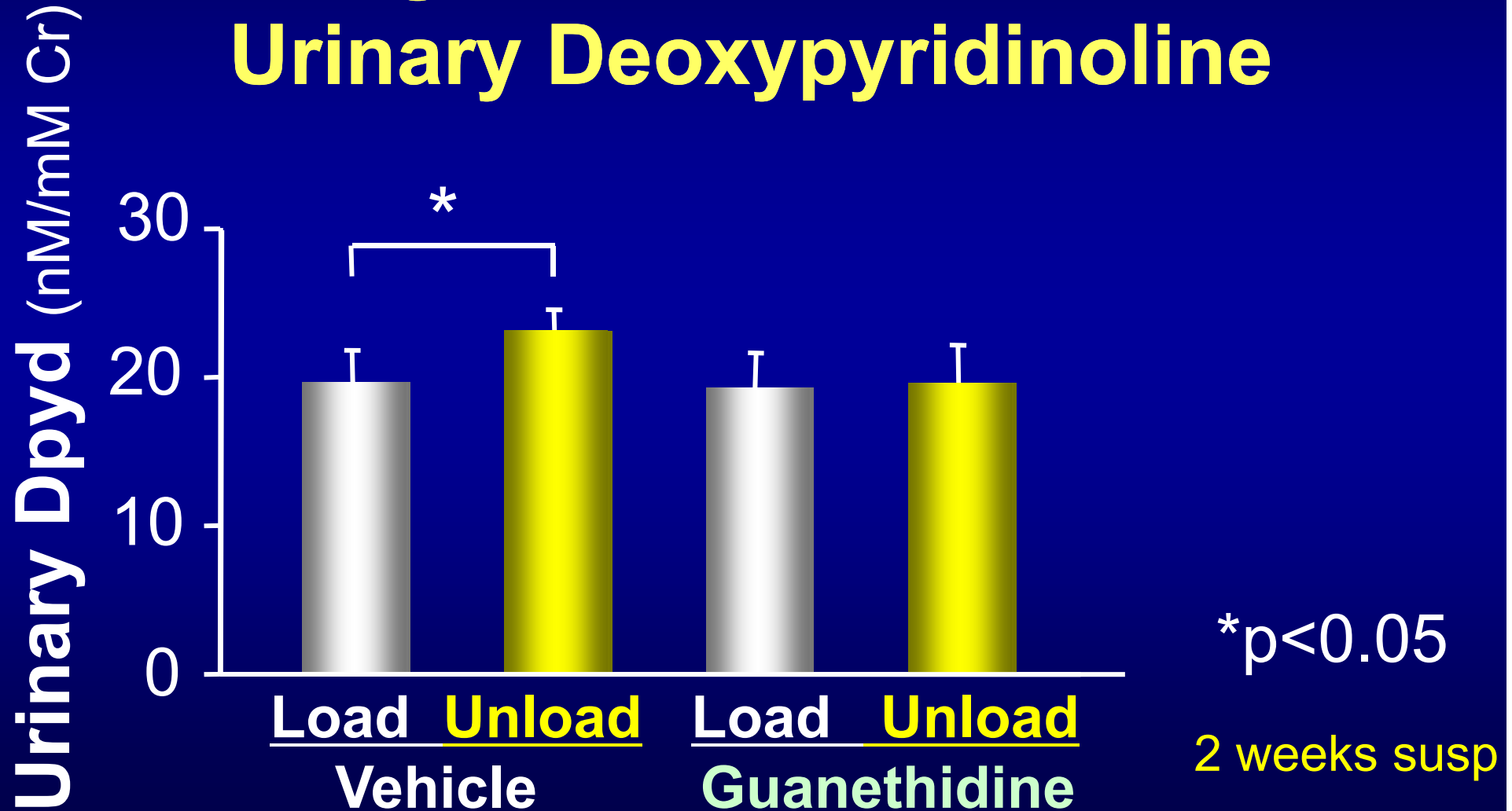
Guanethidine Prevented Unloading-Induced Repression of Bone Formation



β -antagonists Propranolol and Guanethidine Suppressed Unloading-Induced Enhancement of Osteoclast Number and Surface



Guanethidine Suppressed Unloading-Induced Enhancement of Urinary Deoxypyridinoline



Karsenty & Noda et al.: Nature 2005

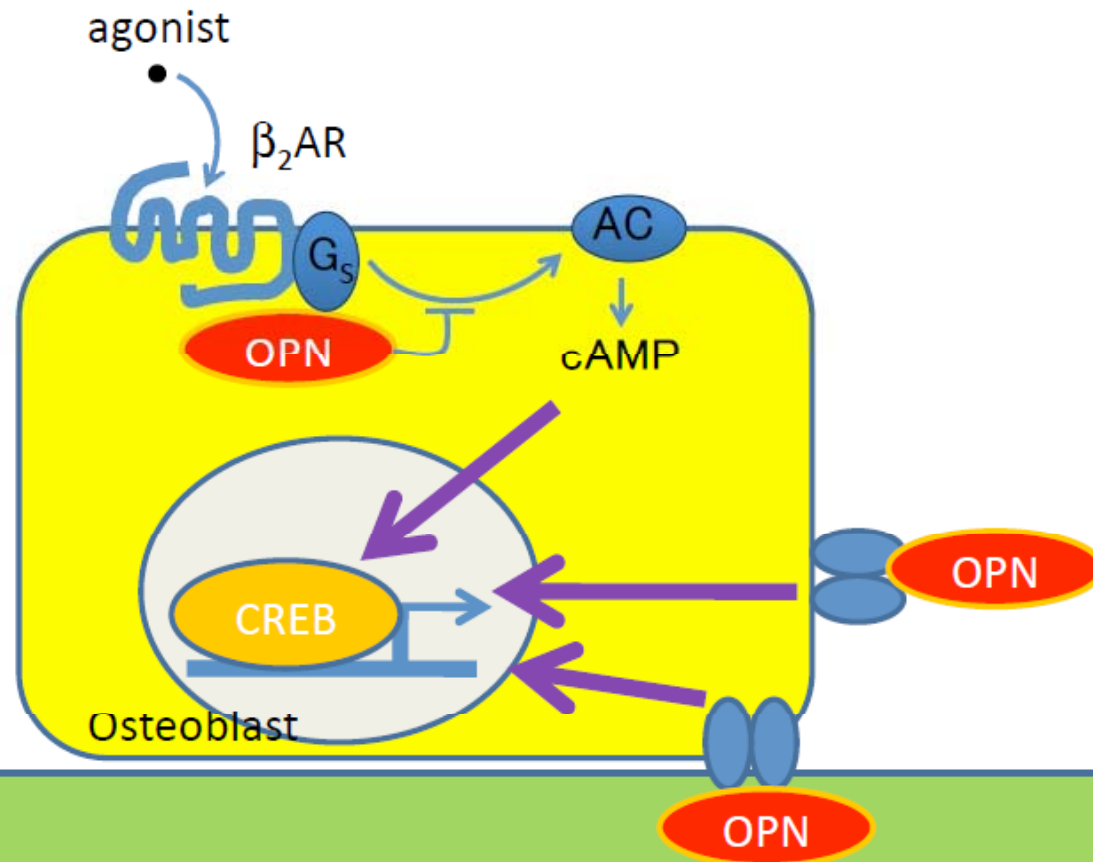
Hind Limb Unloading

Sympathetic Nervous System

↓ Resorption by Osteoclasts

↑ Formation by Osteoblasts

Bone Mass ↓



Nagao et al. PNAS 2011